



PAL NETWORK ANNUAL MEET XALAPA, 2017

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Round 1





Introduction



- Pakistan is at the centre of unmet global MDG/EFA targets & OOSCtakes second position after Nigeria
- The 18th Amendment (Article 25-A) made in 2010 to the constitution of Pakistan declares education as a fundamental right guaranteed by the State.
- 3 out of 4 provinces and federal areas have legislated to implement Article 25-A- rules just being framed.
- Punjabi 48%, Sindhi 12%, Siraiki 10%, Pashtu 8%, Urdu (official) 8%, Balochi 3%, Hindko 2%, Brahui 1%, Burushaski, and other 8%,



Demographics Statistics (2016)



Table 12.1: Selected Demographic Indicators												
	2014	2015	2016									
Total Population (Million)	188.02	191.71	195.4									
Urban Population (Million)	72.50	75.19	77.93									
Rural Population (Million)	115.52	116.52	117.48									
Total Fertility Rate (TFR)	3.2	3.2	3.1									
Crude Birth Rate (Per thousand)	26.4	26.1	25.6									
Crude Death Rate (Per thousand)	6.90	6.80	6.70									
Population Growth Rate (Percent)	1.95	1.92	1.89									
Life Expectancy (Year)												
- Females	66.9	67.3	67.7									
- Males	64.9	65.2	65.5									

Source: Ministry of Planning, Development and Reforms (Population Projections For the Year 2007-2030)

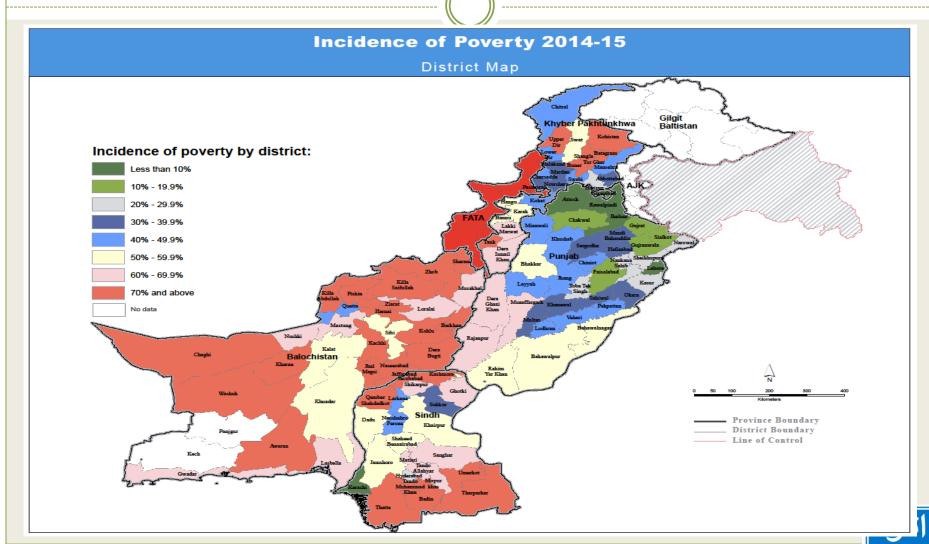
Table 12.2: Mortality Rate													
	2012	2013	2014	2015									
Maternal mortality	197	190	184	178									
Infant mortality	71	69	67	66									
Child mortality rate	88	86	83	81									

Source: World Bank Indicators



Incidence of Poverty





MDGs Final Score - Pakistan



Goal	National	Punjab ⁵	Sindh	Balochistan	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa				
Goal 1: End poverty and hunger	2/3 off track 1/3 achieved	2/3 off track 1/3 No data	2/3 off track 1/3 No data	2/3 off track 1/3 No data	2/3 off track 1/3 No data				
Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education	3/3 off track	2/3 off track 1/3 on track	3/3 off track	3/3 off track	2/3 off track 1/3 on track				
Goal 3: Promote gender equality and women's empowerment	4/4 on track	4/4 on track	1/4 off track 3/4 on track	4/4 off track	3/4 off track 1/4 on track				
Goal 4: Reduced child mortality	3/5 off track 1/5 on track 1/5 achieved	3/5 off track 1/5 on track 1/5 achieved	3/5 off track 1/5 on track 1/5 achieved	4/5 off track 1/5 on track	3/5 off track 2/5 on track				
Goal 5: Improved maternal health	5/5 off track	5/5 off track	5/5 off track	5/5 off track	5/5 off track				
Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases	3/5 off track 1/5 on track 1/5 achieved	No data	No data	No data	No data				
Goal 7: Ensuring environmental sustainability	2/6 off track 4/6 on track	No data	No data	No data	No data				

Regional Performance Comparison



Goal		1			2			F	3			4		5		6			7					
		\$1.25 per day poverty	Country line poverty	Underweight children	Primary enrolment	Reaching last grade	Primary completion	Gender primary	Gender secondary	Gender tertiary	Under-5 mortality	Infant mortality	Maternal mortality	Skilled birth attendance	Antenatal care (≥ 1 visit)	HIV prevalence	TB incidence	TB prevalence	Forest cover	Protected area	CO ₂ emissions per GDP	Safe drinking water	Basic sanitation	
South & South- West Asia	Afghanistan Bangladesh Bhutan India Iran (Islamic Rep. of) Maldives Nepal Pakistan Sri Lanka Turkey	10000000		A	V = A O V O E V	***				V						* * * * * * * * *	V V V O O O V V V		A T O O A A T T O	A	*******			



On track – Expected to meet the target by 2015

Off track: slow – Expected to meet the target, but after 2015

Off track: no progress/regressing – Stagnating or slipping backwards



Enrollment Challenges (ASER Pakistan, 2015)





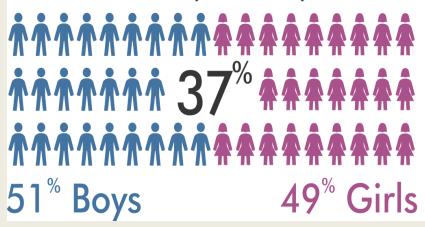
Proportion of enrolled children (3-5 years) has decreased (37%) as compared to 2014 (39%)



ENROLLMENT

(NATIONAL - RURAL)

3-5 Years (Enrolled)







Govt. Schools



30[%]

Pvt. Schools



Enrollment Challenges (ASER Pakistan, 2015)





Proportion of enrolled children (6-16 years) has increased (81%) as compared to 2014 (79%)

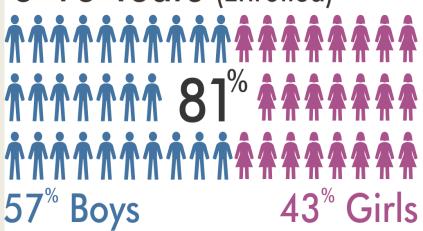




ENROLLMENT

(NATIONAL - RURAL)

6-16 Years (Enrolled)









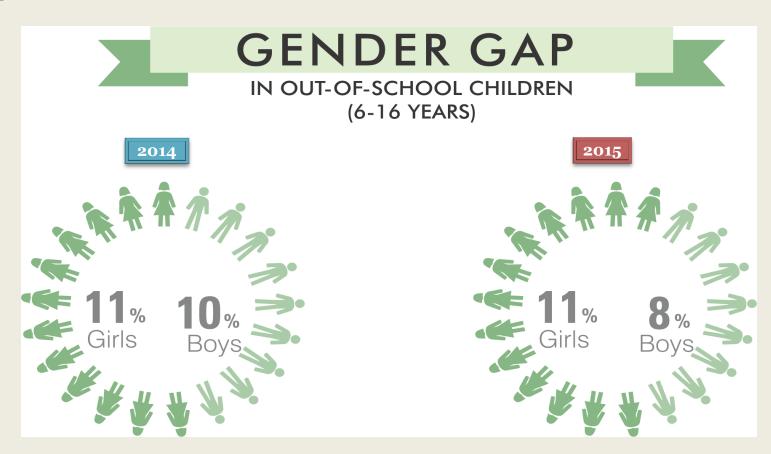
24[%] Pvt. Schools



Gender Gap in out-of-school children (6-16)



Gender gaps persists but less boys are out of school this year (8%) as compared to 2014 (10%)

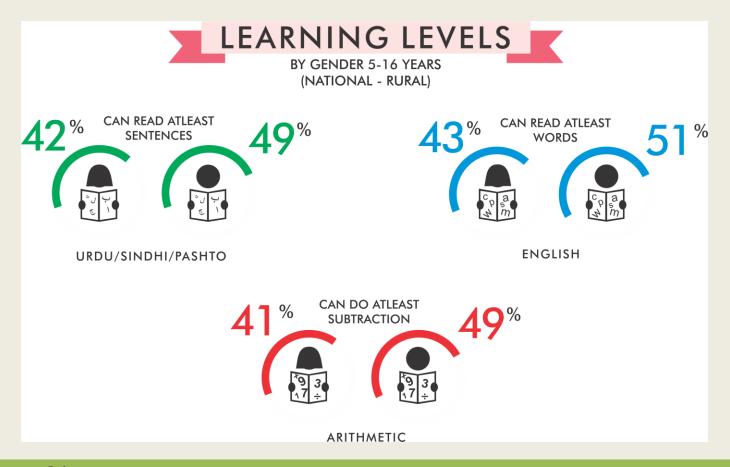




Learning Challenges (ASER Pakistan, 2015)











THANK YOU...!

